he was a boy instead of to South Africa. It was from this trip originated the idea of the Mosely commissions. After planning them he again visited the United States last year to make arrangements presses it, "every hand was held out employers and employes ready to help him with his scheme. Abram S. Hewitt Mr. Mosely believes to be the biggest man the United States has produced in his generation. He allows no qualification in his praise of this distinguished New Yorker. He also pays tribute to Senator Hanna, Seth Low, Carroll D. Wright and Prof. Butler. He was received by President Roosevelt, and believes him to be a great and good man.

In recognition of the pleasant reception he was given in Washington, Mr. Mosely has presented to the Corcoran Art Gallery, In that city, a bronze panel by Onslow Whitney called "Taking the Guns Into Action at Colenso." This he is bringing with him, and it will be given to the gallery through President Roosevelt.

Mr. Mosely has great faith in the future of the United States. He believes there is no danger of a reaction from the present activity, and that the prosperity of the future will be so much greater than that of the present time that present fears will seem ridiculous in view of future developments. He gives the United States the first place in the commercial world, and thinks England and Germany will struggle for second place. He thinks England will hold this if American methods are adopted, hence his commissions of inquiry.

Of South Africa Mr. Mosely is not enthusiastic agriculturally, but he believes that the mineral development of that country during the next few years will be so estounding and the production of gold so great that values will be changed throughout the world. He says there are vast gold



ALFRED MOSELY, C. M. G. deposits as yet untouched, and that when they are worked gold will become so plenti-

fil prices of all commodities will rise every-

THE COMMING COMMISSION. The commission, which lands in New York this coming week, will remain about thirty days in the United States and travel as far west as Chicago. On it are carpenters, bricklayers, plasterers, miners, engineers, iron founders, boiler makers, tailors, boot and shoemakers, representatives of many branches of the steel and iron trades, leather workers, printers, etc. These men are the responsible representatives of

It was originally intended that a certain number of employers should also be invited, but on further consideration this James Russell Lowell and Leigh Hunt. idea was abandoned, since it was thought wiser to leave the trade unions' delegates entirely unhampered, and to avoid anything that might present even a remote semblance of imposing the views of employers upon them. On the return of the commission a series of reports will be published, written by the delegates, each from his own point of view entirely, but no attempt will be made at a joint report. It may be added that the commission is s rictly nonpolitical, and that Mr. Mosely | Chicago, and 49,910 of negro descent and is anxious for its inquiries to be as unrestricted and comprehensive as possible, so that it may be in a position to judge both

of the weakness and of the strength of American methods. Perhaps the fundamental point which Mr. of society with one in which land, capital Mosely hopes the members of the commission will realize as a result of what they see and hear is that the United States is an industrial competitor which this country cannot afford to ignore. There are people who hold that the danger of American competition has been grossly ex-

aggerated, or who even deny that it exists at all as a factor in the industrial situation, and this attitude unfortunately is schulously fostered by certain organs that profess to pay particular attention to the interests of labor. A stock argument is that the exports of manufactured articles from the United States are small compared with those from Great Britain. This statement is true enough, and if it were the whole truth there might not be much ground for apprehension. But it is only a part of the story. The really significannt thing is the change which has come over the character of American exports and the rate at which one particular section of them is growing. Twenty years ago agri- United States navy?-J. L. G. cultural produce formed something like So per cent, of the total, and manufactured articles accounted for only about 14 per cent.; but since that time the proportions during the last five or six years, until in and Texas is the name of the second-class the period covered by the three years 1809- ship. 1901, the proportion of manufactured articles had risen to nearly 30 per cent. of the whole, and agricultural products accounted for less than 64. This does not mean that the absolute quantities of agricultural products sent out of the United States have fallen off, for they are as large as does identify the occurrence. 2. With modever, but that there has been an enormous

die mainly to increased shipment of manufactured articles. SIGNIFICANT FIGURES.

Mr. Mosely would direct the attention of the members of his commission to the fact that this increase in manufactured exports has (comparing figures for 1889 and 1899), 44 per cent, in the number of manufacturcapital employed, of 42 per cent. in the for training teachers and a year later cent. In the value of the manufactured | for young women. About this time he pubpaid has increased by only 23 per cent., and care of the body. He died at Yonkers, N. the number of wage earners by only 25 per | Y., May 21, 1886. cent. In other words, to convert a given articles cost much less in wages and re- thing of her family?-Briton.

to the United States was in 1897. He stayed | duction, which it must be evident, is a four months in the country and traveled | factor of great importance to all countries that have to enter into commercial compe-

tition with the Unite. States.

Generally speaking, it may be said that in England it is believed the recent industrial advance of America has been greatly helped by the introduction of labor-saving appliances, which has been rendered possible by the readiness of the American workmen to accept them. In this respect it can scarcely be doubted that the British manufacturer has shown himself much less enterprising than the American, but it must also be confessed that often when he has been disposed to be enterprising scant welcome has been accorded to his proposed changes, even though, as American experience shows, they would have been to the benefit no less of his men than of himself. It is hoped that Mr. Mosely's party will return convinced of the advantage of the wide introduction of machinery, for they will see that the material conditions of the working classes are better in America than they are here, and that it is not a necessity of industrial life that there shall be a great gulf fixed between employer and workman.

On the contrary, in the long run their interests are identical, and loyal co-operation between them conduces to the prosperity of both. This fact has been very much more fully realized in America, not less by masters than by men, than it has been in this country, and it is reflected in all the relations in which the two stand to each other. Both are human and want to do the best they can for themselves; but while, on the one side, the employer does not keep his workmen at arm's length and does not refuse to treat them as intelligent beings who have a right to hold opinions and to express them, they, on the other side, do not regard every change he makes with a view of improving the conditions of his business as an act of hostility aimed directly at them and therefore to be di rectly resented as a wrong, but are ready to meet him and discuss changes of organization, methods of remuneration, matters in which they think they are being unfairly treated, etc., in a reasonable manner. If the result of the commission be to introduce a leaven of this give-and-take spirit into English industrial life, he believes he will not have organized it in vain.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

race with Tenney?-J. H. T. Mr. J. B. Haggin.

What was the total seating capacity of Newby Oval?-C. E. R. About 25,000.

What is the true color of Polled-Angus Black, with now and then a red creature.

Will you furnish the date of death of Herrmann, the magician?-J. S. It was Dec. 17, 1896.

Is the junior lord of the treasury, H. W. Forster, a son of the late right honorable William E. Forster?—S. F. No; his father was Major John Forster.

What is the time taken by the blood beween leaving the heart and returning to In rest and health, a little less than half

How many balls are rolled in bowling each time a player rolls?-F. H. B. Three; or less if the player bowls down all the pins within that number.

How can I get the records of the House of Representatives?-E. H. D. They can be purchased of the superintendent of public documents at Washing-

To what address in Boston shall I express a package for the Salvation Army? To headquarters for New England of the

Salvation Army, 20 Common street.

ton, D. C.

Who was the author of "The Biglow Papers" and of "Abou Ben Adhem and the They were written, respectively, by

Which was the greater singer, Catherine Hayes or Jenny Lind? 2. Where was the has been blind several years. We are so former born?-S. Z.

Jenny Lind. The other had a fine voice, but was an imperfect musician and a poor student. 2. In Ireland.

What is the population of negroes and whites of Memphis and Chicago?-G. F. B. The last general census gave 30,150 persons of negro descent and 1,667,140 whites in 52,380 whites for Memphis.

What are the aims of the Socialists of To replace the existing capitalistic order

community for the benefit of all its mem- | his reason, to ing as the lowest sort of wit, and what did

he say about it?-Punster. Dr. Johnson is quoted as saying that "he who would make a pun would pick a pocket," and many writers have condemned the pun, but we do not find the form of condemnation you mention.

I think I have read that dunning a pern for debt upon a postal card is legal providing no threat is used. Did I read correctly?-Merchant. What you may have read, of course, we

do not know. The Postoffice Department | for the man to take up the work and conforbids the forwarding of a card "containing any threat, offensive dun or scurrilous or indecent communication."

Will you print the names of the firstclass and second-class battleships of the

Alabama, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kearsarge, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, Missouri, Nebraska, New Jersey, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, Virginia and have been gradually altering, especially Wisconsin are names of first-class vessels

What is the greatest depth that a diver has yet reached? 2. How long can a diver

A standard encyclopedia has it at 204 feet, putting the pressure at that depth at eighty-eight and a half feet per inch, but ern diving dress at moderate depths a matexpansion in the amount of the exports, | ter of a few hours; without any such aid from two to five minutes, the latter being the extreme for experienced divers despite many travelers' strange tales.

> Will you sketch in a few lines the life of Dr. Dio Lewis?-A. L. B.

He was born at Auburn, N. Y., March 3, been accompanied with an increase of some | 1823, studied at Harvard Medical School and practiced for a time in New York State. ing establishments, of 51 per cent, in the In 1863 he founded an institution at Boston cost of the materials used, and of 39 per | started the academy at Lexington, Mass., products, but that the total of the wages lished several books on gymnastics and

Will you inform me of the residence of value of raw material into manufactured the Baroness Burdett-Coutts and some-

quired far fewer workmen in 1899 than it Her father, Sir Francis Burdett, baronet, did ten years before. The members of the | was the most popular English politician of commission will have the opportunity of his time, the very idol of the London popuinvestigating, each in respect of the indus- lace. For most of the time between 1797 try he is best acquainted with, the circum- and 1844, when he died, he was a member knows he's got to die in the third act, erlying this cheapening of pro- of Parliament. Her maternal grandfather

that bears his name and left an enormous fortune. She resides at Holly Lodge, Highgate, Middlesex, England.

Will you inform me of some noted trees, such as the Charter oak?-Trees. CHANGE UNDER CONSIDERATION. Yes, of three, altogether. It was in the

one you name that, at Hartford, Conn., in 1687, Capt. William Wadsworth concealed the charter of the colony to prevent its surrender to Royal Governor Sir Edmund Andros. This tree blew down Aug. 21, 1856. Penn's "Treaty Elms," at Shackamaxon, in the northern limits of Philadelphia, were, according to tradition, the scene of famous treaty making with Indians. Under the Washington elm at Cambridge, Mass., Commander-in-chief George Washington took command of the continental army, July 3,

Will you print a short biography of Lin-naeus, the naturalist? 2. Of the Byzantine empire, what was the date of establishment and cause and date of fall?-J. A. You give the Latinized name of Carl Von Linne, who was born in Sweden in 1707. The poverty of his parents made it a matter of utmost difficulty for him to obtain an education, and he knew suffering from hunger after he was of age. Eventually he obtained assistance, and after becoming physician to the King and professor of botany at Upsala, continued studies and writings that gave him world-wide fame He is looked on as the father of systematic

botany, and his work in zoology was very important. He died at Upsala in 1778. 2. It was established in 395 A. D., upon the death of the Roman Emperor Theodosius the Great, and its final end came May 29, 1453, when Constantinople fell, and, after hundreds of years of warfare, Turkish rule was surely founded in Europe.

Describe fully the process employed in making artificial magnets, and will magnets so made lose their strength when used to magnetize with? 2. What are the weights of the first and second grades of wheat and oats? 3. About what was the weight of the automobile Charles Fair met his death? 4. Were any of the Presidents of the United States Cath-

There are several processes. In the one called "single touch." the steel bar to be of a powerful magnet is rubbed a few times along its length, always in the same direction. A magnet may also be made by passing a current of electricity through a wire wound about the bar to be magnetized. Who owned Salvator at the time of his | By this means magnets of great strength may be made. Steel magnets retain their power for a long time, if not permanently; soft iron loses its magnetism very soon. 2. Wheat, first grade, 60 pounds; second grade, 58; oats, first grade, 32 pounds; second grade, 28. 3. We have seen no mention of the weight. 4. No.

MRS. STANTON'S SPEECHES.

Susan B. Anthony Talks About Her Former Friend.

Rochester Democrat and Chronicle. "Through the early days, when the world was against us, we stood together. Mrs. Stanton was always a courageous woman, a leader of thought and new movements. I always called her the philosopher and statesman of our movement. She was a most finished writer, and every state paper presented to Congress or the state legislatures in the early days was written by Mrs.

"When she was able to attend our conventions we always had an opening address. I called her a word artist, while I was the worker. If I wanted anything done, any appeals to Congress or Legislature written, I put my bonnet on and went to see Mrs. Stanton. It spoiled me for writing myself, for I always had her to lean on. It was only last week that she wrote Mrs. Harper (Ida Husted Harper) asking her to edit her speeches as soon as Mrs. Harper had finished the last volume of 'History of Woman Suffrage,' which we are now working on. There are more than 200 of these speeches, which she has had labeled and sorted and placed in an oldfashioned chest of drawers. She was intensely interested in this final volume on be given to the public, and every week we received letters containing suggestions and asking that this and that be included in it. She was looking forward with so much pleasure to the completion of the book, and her most ardent wish was that she might live to see it. The last letter recelved from her was one of her strongest and brightest. She said she intended to have all her work out of the way so she could have the book read to her from beginning to end. You know Mrs. Stanton disappointed to think she can never see it that we cannot be reconciled. It contains scores of her speeches. And every week or so we would receive a letter from her asking us if we were using this speech or

Edward Eggleston as Historian.

Rossiter Johnson, in Review of Reviews. It has been laid down as almost an axiom that only a rich man can write history effectively, because of the costly research and the slow returns. But Dr. Eggleston, in that work to which he was most devoted, showed once more that some things can be done as well as others. He did not hesitate to expend freely whatever he had for the necessary research, and when funds were giving out, he laid the history aside and wrote something that suggests that the court appoint a board of three disinterested house once tenanted by Jack Cade, was and all means of production and distribu- history aside and wrote something that tion shall be owned and directed by the | would bring immediate returns. This was his reason, for instance, for writing "The

The doctor had all the qualifications for an admirable talker; a gental personality. What noted author denounced pun-mak- a pleasant voice, a picturesque head and mobile face, a vast abundance of interesting facts at command, including a great many that were new even to the best educated of us, and a command of language that gave a rhythmic flow to his words. While the object of his search was solid and significant fact, he had a keen sense of humor and an eye for the picturesque which caused him to pick up all the incidental plums by the way. Of that which he considered his crowning work, two volumes have appeared; "The Beginners of a Nation" and "The Transit of Civilization." Something had been done on a third, but how much I do not know. I fear that we shall look in vain tinue it in the spirit and manner with which he had so far carried it on.

> How to Have Only Two Grandparents. Boston Record.

A strange case has presented itself hereabouts of a man who had only two grandparents, instead of four. A widower and a widow were married, and their children by their first marriage were in time united. Their children's children thus had one common grandfather and one common grand-



WASN'T TAKING CHANCES.

Mrs. Kidder (at the theater)-Gacious! That villain smokes a lot of cigarettes. Mr. Kidder-Oh! well, he don't care. He

ROBBING AND COAL EX-

Property Owners Protest Against As sessment of Benefits-Other

Cases in the Courts.

tober session until Thursday. It has completed its investigations of the county institutions for the September term and finished with the jail cases yesterday, but will not submit a report of the investigation of the cases or the indictments on them until Thursday. At Thursday's meeting the grave robbery charges against the men recently arrested will be considered and a continuation of the investigation on the information secured from the detectives and other persons by Prosecutor Ruckelshaus and Deputy Prosecutor Charles Benedict will be begun. The evidence on which several indictments against persons not already indicted for complicity in the work of Cantrell and his associates will be returned is said to be ready for introduction before the

grand jury. The investigation of the coal combination will be made by the jury if Judge Alford so instructs it. Judge Alford will instruct the jury to investigate and indict all persons found guilty of conspiracy, providing any information is furnished of the existence of the Indianapolis Coal Exchange's intention to drive out of business the indepedent coal dealers and its attempt to keep them from getting coal from the operators. It is not certain that this information will be furnished Judge Alford, although an effort is being made now to get something tangible for the court's consid-

ried somewhat over the threatened investigation of its methods, although the puris not so. H. E. Brunner, assistant secretary of the organization, said yesterday that no action had been taken by the exchange on the proposed investigation. He said that the meeting held in the offices in the Stevenson building Friday had nothing to do. with the grand jury and the matter was not discussed at all at that time.

SALOON KEEPER SUED.

Mrs. Lorain E. Alford Complains Because of Her Son's Condition.

Mrs. Lorain E. Alford has sued Isaac Cohn on his bond filed when a license was granted him to conduct a saloon at 551 East Washington street. Mrs. Lorain has brought the suit in the name of the State of Indiana, and names the Indianapolis Brewing Company and Albert Lieber, bondsmen, and D. Davis, agent, as codefendants. She charges that Cohn's saloon is responsible for the intoxicated condition and weak mental ability of her son, Leland B. Alford, and she asks that \$1,500 be awarded her as damages. In her complaint Mrs. Alford enumerates some of the results of her son's indulgence

in liquor, and she charges that the liquor was bought in the saloon named, and the sale of the intoxicants to her son was against her will and specific instructions to the saloon keeper and Davis. She says that because of his drunkenness, and while drunk, her son has taken away from her home most of the furniture of the house, including everything, from the Bible to a marble-top table, and a history of the United States, a pair of spectacles and a gasoline stove. His vicious treatment of her while drunk caused her to become ill from flicted on her. In addition to this, by his actions and drunken disorder in the house, he drove away all of her boarders, her principal means of support. Leland has been arrested a number of times and in paying his fines and satisfying his debts as the result of his imprisonment and fines, she has been financially ruined, she avers. After recovering from a long debauch her son became very ill and was under a the 'History of Woman Suffrage,' soon to | physician's care for many days, and she was compelled to pay the bills.

PROPERTY OWNERS PROTEST.

It Is Claimed that Benefits Were Assessed Too Low. Suit was filed by property owners in the

district which the Board of Public Works is assessing for benefits and improvements for the East Michigan-street sewer, yesterday. It was the tenth day, the limit as fixed by law, when the petition could be filed in the county courts asking that an assessment of benefits be made by a board of freeholders appointed by the courts. The petition filed yesterday is in the name of Maria F. Ritzinger, Maria F. Hare, Julia F. Harrison and Laura F. Briggs, and the city of Indianapolis is named as defendant. The petitioners aver that they are the owners of property bounded on the north by Michigan street and on the south by Vermont street, and between Arsenal and Oriental avenues. They aver that the assessments for the improvements, namely,

the East Michigan-street sewer, has been fixed by the Board of Public Works as | pain of a fine. freeholders to re-assess the benefits to the proposed by the board. In the event that the court orders the board prayed for and the board reduces compelled to pay the costs of the proceeding, but if the board holds the assessment

of the city to be just and equitable the petitioners will be liable for the costs. The suit was filed for the petitioners by Miller, Elam & Fesler, attorneys. Insanity of George A. Witt. A commission adjudged George A. Witt,

thirty-three years old, of 1023 Nelson street, insane yesterday and ordered him committed to a hospital or sanitarium. The complaint was filed by Witt's wife, who states that he imagines that he converses with spirits and that he practices Christian Science around the house by frequently holding conversations with spirits and quarreling with them. He is insanely religious and refuses to eat. The complaint was made because the family of Witt say he wanders away from home and frequently makes threats that he will kill himself.

Sued by Coal Company. William G. Wasson, a coal and lime dealer of the city, was sued by the Linton Coal Mining Company yesterday on notes executed by him to the plaintiff. The

notes, amounting to \$1,200, are now due

and the mining company asks for a judg-ment for the amount of the notes and at-

torneys' fees. Lula K. Tuttle's Complaint. Lula K. Tuttle filed a divorce suit against her husband, Marion H. Tuttle, yesterday. She avers that her husband has abandoned her and has falled to contribute to her support for the last two years. Mrs. Tuttle asks the court that she be permitted to resume her maiden name.

THE COURT RECORD. CIRCUIT COURT. Henry Clay Allen, Juduge. Alfred E. Dickey, receiver, etc., vs. Winfred B. Holton; repayment of dividends. By agreement of parties case transferred

to Superior Court. Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. Lillian E. Lane et al.; foreclosure. Submitted to court. Finding for plaintiff. Judgment against Lillian E. Lane for \$891.60 and costs, without relief. Finding for Gray, trustee. Judgment against Lillian E. and William B. Lane for \$436.65 and costs, without relief. Finding for defendant Claypool, declaring junior lien. Decree of foreclosure. SUPERIOR COURT.

Room 1-John L. McMaster, Judge. Lorenie Horstman vs. Henry Horstman: divorce. Cause taken under advisement. Theodore Dixon vs. Anna Dixon; divorce. Divorce granted plaintiff. NEW SUITS

Charles Wagener vs. Lulu Wagener; di-orce. Superior Court, Room 2. rorce. Superior Court, Room 2. The State of Indiana ex rel. Lorain E Alford vs. Isaac Cohn et al.; complaint on bond. Superior Court, Room 1.

perior Court, Room 3.

Maria F. Ritzinger vs. City of Indianapolis; appointment of appraisers of real estate. Superior Court, Room 1.

Lulu K. Tuttle vs. Marion H. Tuttle; divorce. Superior Court, Room 3.

HIGHER COURTS' RECORD. SUPREME COURT. -Minute.-

19830. Wilton L. Hibbard vs. Irene W Wayne C. C. Appellee's reply APPELLATE COURT. -Minutes.-

4556. George Avery vs. The Nordyke & Marmon Company. Marion S. C. Appellant's petition for oral argument. 4552. The Consumers' Gas Trust Com-pany vs. Isaiah Howard et al. Madison C. . Appellant's brief (8.) 4174. Eliza Smith vs. Leonard Schmitt et al. Allen S. C. Appellant's dismissal.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

It is said that Texas alone markets \$50,-000,000 worth of cattle annually. A chimney of 115 feet height will without langer sway ten inches in a wind. The shadow of the moon which falls on the earth during an eclipse of the sun is usually fifty miles in diameter. The beds of peas in Colorado sometimes include as many as 2,000 acres, and there is one bed exceeding in size 2,500 acres.

grows. Progressive Canada estimates that "the population capacity of Canada cannot be less than 100,000,000." There are 1,300,000 square miles of arable land.

An elephant has only eight teeth alto-

gether. At fourteen years the elephant loses its first set of teeth and a new set

The St. Lawrence river is frozen four months of the year, and its navigation is so difficult that an average of one steamer a month is wrecked in its waters. The multiplication of railways has not liminished the number of postal stages in Germany. On the contrary, the number of stage drivers rose from 5,176 in 1896 to 5,314

It is said that there are more Irishmen in London than there are in Dublin, more Scotchmen than in Edinburgh, that half of Soho is French and the whole of Saffron

At the present day, on the best authorities, there are 250,000,000 Mussulmans in the world. The Christian population is put at 447,000,000, but the increase of Islam is more rapid than that of its sister religion. A novelty in footwear is to be seen in the window of a Strand (London) bootmaker. This is a pair of boots made of donkey hide, tanned in Spain. It is stated that they

are the only pair of the kind in London.

Taking the United States as a whole the census shows that one person in every forty has a telephone. San Francisco leads the world in the generality of telephone use. There one in twelve has a telephone. The King of France was a title borne by the monarchs of England for 432 years, and when Elizabeth became Queen of England she was also "King of France," asserting that if she could not be a queen she would

After forty years' experience as a gambler, Peter F. Delacy, the noted New York sport, advises everybody to leave games of chance alone. He says he can count on the fingers of one hand the men he has known to make money by gambling.

"Mother Goose," who is probably more familiar to children than any other personage in story books, was a real person. Mrs. Goose, for that was her real name, lived with a family named Fleet, who kept a little store in Pudding lane, Boston. Dr. John Mathews, pasfor of the Mc-Kendree Church, of Nashville, Tenn., has just finished the first vacation he has taken since he entered the ministry, fifty-seven years ago. He grieves because no one joined the church in the five weeks of his

Representatives of the Smith family have applied for space for a building at the world's fair at St. Louis to be the headquarters of the members of that great family when visiting the exposition. Some genius has calculated that there are 14,-00,000 Smiths in the world. The per capita debt of Boston is \$30 more

than that of New York city. After New York, with a per capita debt of \$115, come Cincinnati with \$82, Baltimore with \$78, Pittsburg with \$68, Buffalo with \$45, Philadelphia, with \$48, Cleveland with \$31, St. Louis with \$33 and Chicago with \$10. Jeff Seaton, a coal operator located near for union and one for nonunion men, so that the miners can take their choice. Eleven men have commenced work in the nonunion mine and fifteen have gone to work in the other. The same scale of pay is in effect at both mines.

The Downs (Kan.) School Board, fearful lest any of its schoolma'ams should set a bad example to the pupils, embodies this provision in its contracts with teachers: 'No teacher shall engage in dancing or card playing during the continuance of this contract nor attend any formal parties during the school week.

What is the plural of chicken? Why, chickens, of course, you say. A recen book says, however, that there is no such word as chickens. Chicken is itself plural. Chick, chicken; hose, hosen-such is the form. A farmer's wife, at least, in the most rural districts, says correctly that she is going to feed her chicken, meaning All printing establishments in Turkey, ac-

cording to a new law just passed, may have only one door, and that opening on to the street. Windows must be covered with close-meshed wire netting, so that no papers can be handed through. A statement must be made a year in advance of the amount of ink required, which will be supplied by the state. A specimen of every-thing printed is to be kept and must be shown at any time to a police inspector or

sold recently. Near the house, on the main real estate by reason of the improvement | road, is a monument bearing this inscripous rebel, Jack Cade, by Alexander Iden, esq., sheriff of Kent, A. D. 1450. His body the benefits 10 per cent, the city will be was carried to London and his head fixed upon London bridge. This is the success of all rebels, and this fortune chanceth ever to traitors.'

The Child with Earnest Eyes. Ere the dawn grew red, beside my bed Came a child with earnest eyes. "What light have you shed through the world?" she said. "Now you are old and wise?"

"Tis a weary while," quoth I, with a smile, "Since I dreamed it had need of me.

I found but guilt in its fairest wile."
"Then its need was greater," said she. 'So the hungry you fed, and wanderers led,

And smiled on the weary and sad?"
"Scarce I earn," I said, "my own bitter bread,
And I have no time to be glad." She spoke not blame, nor again of fame:
"But the love that I dreamed about?" "Bright burned that flame till gaunt Care came And blew the rushiight out."

But still true friends kind heaven sends To cheer and comfort you?" Nay; friendship bends to selfish ends. And loyal hearts are few.' She raised her head. "Woman." she said.

And her voice came sobbingly, joy is dead, and your high hopes fled, You have broken faith with me.' In the dawn, still gray, she stole away,
With a grieving look at me.
"I cannot stay," I heard her say.
"I'm the Child You Used to Be!"



Burglar (as he passes out the gas fixtures)-Joe, I'm afraid dis'll only be a



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A delayed shipment of room size Rugs just arrived, which gives us AN ASSORTMENT UNEXCELLED IN THE CITY AND PRICES LOWER THAN USUAL.

BODY BRUSSELS RUGS-9x12 size, Bigelow make, excellent patterns for library 17.98 or dining rooms, 25.00 quality..... AXMINSTER RUGS-9x12 size, Bigelow floral patterns, 27.50 quality.......21.75 SMYRNA RUGS-9x12 size, very best

ROYAL WILTON RUGS-9x12 size, very . BRUSSELS RUGS-9x12 size, large va-VELVET RUGS-6x9 size, Sanford's make, an excellent size for re-AXMINSTER RUGS-27x63, rich floral and Oriental patterns, 25.00 quality..... 125 ROLLS CHINA MATTINGS-Very heavy, in checks and plaids, jointless, 16

Great Sale of Comfort Material, Fleeced Goods, Bath Robe Blankets, Bed Blankets and Comforts

FLEECED GOODS FLANNELETTES-Over 50 styles, all

OUTING FLANNEL-6e quality..... OUTING FLANNEL-Extra good width, heavy teasled on both sides, regular 9c quality.....

COMFORT MATERIALS COMFORT CALICO-Fine line of styles, our regular price 5c, for this ROBE PRINTS-Large floral designs, fine comfort styles, 6c

ROBE PRINTS-The old-fashloned kind.

fast oil colors, regular • 7c SILKOLINE-25 inches wide, 6c quality..... SILKOLINE-Yard wide, choice CRETONNES-Fast colors, twilled, soft | quality..... finish, fine line of styles, &c quality..... COMFORT COMPOSIT BUNTING (cheesecloth)-All col-COTTON BATTING-For fine comforts

quality.....

COMFORTS COMFORTS-Covered with silkoline,

filled with white carded cotton, hand knotted, fine line of patterns, 1.35 quality..... COMFORTS—21/2x2 yards, covered with silkoline, filled with five pounds of the best comfort cotton, closely wool knotted; wool, full scoured and shrunken, pure the materials in this comfort will cost white body, with dainty border, bound you 1.75; special sale

BATH ROBE BLANKETS 10-4 fancy stripes all over, in dainty light

blue, pink and green colors, with fancy border to match, 1.25 quality, pair..... 10-4 size, all over with fancy black and white stripes, good weight, 1.25 quality..... FANCY STRIPES, in dark red, green, pink and tan colors, real Indian blanket, makes a fine slumber robe, 1.98 1.39

COTTON BED BLANKETS

10-4 gray, white and tan, with fancy border to match, 60c quality..... 11-4 BLANKETS-Largest bed size, plain white and gray colors, heavy teasled on both sides, warm and serviceable, 60 1.00 quality..... 11-4 BLANKETS-Weigh 4 rounds, extra large size, regular 1.25 12-4 BLANKETS-Largest size made, regular 1.50 quality, for this

sale..... **ALL-WOOL BED BLANKETS**

10-4 size, steam shrunken and scoured, plain white, gray and red, with dainty border to match; also red and black and black and white plaids, weigh 4 2.85 ounds, 4.00 quality..... 11-4 size, weigh 5 pounds, same as above blanket, only heavier and targer 3.75 size, 5.00 quality..... 11-4 BLANKETS-Very fine, woven out of Ohio wool, strictly sanitary, plain and fancy colors, regular 6.00 4.75